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Previous references.

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File No. 27-23

Serial Nos. 1

Later references.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 1

Part B for January 1924.

SUBJECT

Four notes of the Revenue
Commissioner in the affected parts
of the State.

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OFFICE OF THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER
IN MYSORE.

No. D. 24 of 23-24.

Bangalore, the 11th January 1924...

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FROM

K. Chandy, Esquire, B.A.,

Revenue Commissioner in Mysore

DEWAN'S OFFICE.

Recd. on JAN 21 1923

Reg. No. 5012

To

The Secretary to the Government of

His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,

Revenue Department, Bangalore.

27-23-1



I have the honour to forward herewith for favour
of information of Government copies of my notes of inspection
from the 5th to 10th instant in the affected parts of Tumkur
and Mysore Districts.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

K. Chandy

Revenue Commissioner.

Sub? for personal

VRR/-

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Notes of inspection of the Revenue Commissioner
in Mysore in the affected parts of the K u n i g a l Taluk.

Villages visited.-

5th January 1924.

1. Siddapura,
2. Byaladakere,
3. Tippuru,
4. Koppa,
5. Chakanahalli,
6. Biraganahalli,
7. Jeladager e,
8. Nedemavinapura.

Inspected the village of Siddapura. People represented that they required (1) deepening of the existing well, and (2) construction of a gokatte. They were told that the deepening of the well was very costly and therefore it was not feasible. As regards the construction of a gokatte, the earthwork might be got done at Government cost and revetment work, if necessary, would have to be attended to by the District Board, or a small temporary well may be sunk to suit men and cattle, as it is learned that ryots are too poor to contribute. The Amildar was asked to take up the earthwork of Avargere tank which is near Siddapura after a month. It was learnt that progress in the construction of the Huliurdurga Amritur new road was slack owing to labourers not coming up. The people of Siddapur village were asked to go on work on this road-work, but they pleaded inability on account of distance.

One kulavadi Nanja represented that he had no means of livelihood and his children appeared famine-stricken. The Amildar was asked to give gratuitous relief (one seer of ragi) to this man from today till some work is started in the locality.

Grat: relief

Proceeded to Byaladakere. This village is not badly affected as yet. The repair of Gundukatte might be taken up after a month, as the villagers have agreed to pay half the contribution. The Executive Engineer should be requested to get up an estimate immediately. Visited the Panchama houses. About

About 40 persons were said to have left the village to the coffee plantations and other places. The panchamas were asked to migrate temporarily towards Amritur road work. They were not willing to do so. Water difficulty is felt by the Panchama people. It is learnt that an estimate for a permanent well at a cost of Rs.423/- had been submitted to the District Board President. Manawalli tank work is said to be easily accessible. This work should be taken up within a month. One Rangī, an old woman aged 70 years, was found to be destitute. The Amildar was asked to give her half a seer of ragi every day till the end of March.

Grat. ragi

Thence proceeded to Tippur. There is no tank in the village. Remission of kadayam was prayed for. The construction of an Ane also was asked for. The Executive Engineer may be asked whether there is any project for this, and at what rate of contribution it would become payable. One Kariyanna is stated to have applied for a takavi loan of Rs.200/- for improving his irrigation well. It is learnt that if this well is improved, it would serve the drinking purposes of the village. He should be granted the loan. People prayed for the Vadayarkere tank restoration work being taken up so as to serve as labour to the cooly classes. But they are not willing to pay contribution. They should be persuaded to pay contribution. Two persons were said to have gone to the coffee plantations.

Thence went to Koppa. The ragi crop has been a failure for the last 2 or 3 years. Remission of kadayam was prayed for, on the ground of loss of crops for 3 years. Obi, a woman aged 60 years, was found to be destitute. The Amildar was instructed to give her half a seer of ragi every day. Drinking water difficulty is very keenly felt in the village. It was ordered that a temporary well should be sunk in the tank bed.

Sub. ragi

The villagers represented that malnad grass would not

can be made for affording labour should be investigated.

Inspected the Nadema Vinapura village. Drinking water difficulty is felt. The villagers wanted permission to make use of a pond in the adjacent Amrut Mahal kaval. The Director of Agriculture should be asked for permission as the Amrit Mahal cattle have left the locality.

General.

Small loans - not exceeding Rs.30/- in ordinary cases, and not exceeding Rs.50/- in extreme cases, were ordered to be granted for the purpose of purchasing fodder and seed-grains and in bad cases for subsistence.

One raiyat of Keggere village represented that he had started an irrigation well work in the expectation of getting a loan of Rs.1000/- from Government. He stated that this work is already employing 40 people and would afford labour in the neighbourhood. He might be given a loan of Rs.500/-.

The sinking of wells in the two ^{Channels of Kunigal Jaur} ~~Hondas~~ was stated to be prohibited. The Executive Engineer ^{will} ~~should~~ be addressed immediately in the matter as this would be a means of saving some crops and for growing fodder. The deepening of the two ^{Channels} ~~Hondas~~ may also be taken up within a month as that would afford labour.

The Amildar is still new to the Taluk. He should inspect the affected villages - which are not many, - frequently, and have a proper grip of requirements for the next 3 months.

S. Subbarayappa.
Revenue Commissioner.

and

NOTES OF THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER IN MYSORE.

Nagamangala Taluk.

6th January 1924. Sunday.

Villages
visited.-

1. Mulkatte.
2. Anchechittanahalli.
3. Dadaga.

Only On the way to Nagamangala noticed several people (panchamas) going with their women and children and cattle for work in the Nilgiris and it was learned that an unusually large number have left this year from Nagamangala, Turuvekere, and Kunigal Taluks on account of drought. The Deputy Commissioners will be asked to start works in such areas wherever there is a large panchama population or coolies requiring labour.

Inspected the Mulkatte village. The channel work under the Tholale tank which has to be undertaken will give employment to the residents of this village.

Anchechittanahalli tank work. (included as Famine work):-
It appears that about Rs. 1,000/- had been spent during the distress of 1908-09.

The Chief Engineer will be requested to investigate whether this project is a remunerative concern. The ryots have agreed to pay an acreage contribution of Rs. 50/-. As this is an affected area, the work will be useful.

Dadaga tank work. (Breached tank). An estimate appears to have been sanctioned, and some work is said to have been already done. As this portion is badly affected, the Chief Engineer will be consulted whether funds would be set apart for continuing the work.

People have left for Nilgiris and elsewhere already in search of work. The need for works for those that require it, is likely to become pressing soon. Some works have to be started forthwith, and the situation watched. The Executive Engineer may be asked to select local contractors recommended by the Amildar and to give suitable advances to the contractors if the Amildar agrees, so that the contractors' profit may be reduced to a minimum.

Subbarayappa.

For Revenue Commissioner.

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Notes of inspection of the Revenue Commissioner
in Mysore in the affected parts of Nagamangala Taluk.

Villages visited.-

Nagamangala Taluk.

7th January 1924.

1. Jakkanahalli,
2. Dandiganahalli,
3. Hullenahalli,
4. Sulekere,
5. Ballur,
6. ~~Mayasandra.~~
- Inspected the Jakkanahalli village. The villagers want the gokatte to be deepened. They have been told that if they pay half the cost as contribution, the work

Turuvekere Sub Taluk) will be taken up as a Village Improvement work. The

- ~~mayasandra~~
1. ~~Hittalkoppa,~~
2. ~~Malechendur,~~
2. Kanakur.
- Villagers complained that if the Dandiganahalli tank were to be improved, their lands would be submerged and they would be put to a loss.

Inspected the Dandiganahalli village. The villagers asked for the improvement of their village tank. (This is a minor tank with only an earthen bund). The villagers were called on to pay half contribution payable in easy instalments - say in 7 years, and to execute a mutchalika, and agreed. The Amildar should take a mutchalika immediately, and the Assistant Engineer may be asked to get up an estimate as this work would afford labour and as there are no maintenance works. The Villagers asked for permission to cut and take date leaves for cattle. The Amildar said that he had submitted a recommendation ^{for} about it on 13-10-1923 to the Deputy Commissioner. The Deputy Commissioner should pass orders early. They also wanted Government grant for a new drinking water well that they had recently sunk. The matter has to be disposed of by the District Board. A reference may be made.

Inspected the Hullenahalli village. The maintenance work of this tank should immediately be taken up if the cost is within one year's assessment. This will afford employment to the villagers of the neighbourhood who stand in need of it. If the cost exceeds one year's assessment, a reference should be made.

The above villages are to the east of Nagamangala - Mandya road.

To the west of this road, the villages had fairly good crop and ^{the grass was} ~~were~~ looking green.

Visited the Somyakeswari and Narasimhaswami temples. Modest estimates for necessary repairs especially for the repairs of the wall in the former may be submitted for sanction.

The Rest-house had been given away to the Education Department for locating the A.V. School. The Muzrai Department should call for a report if there are no references.

Inspected the Sulekere tank. Repairs to the feeder channel of this tank are said to have been proposed as a measure of relief. This may be taken up after a month.

This Taluk is not severely affected yet. But, a considerable number of people have already left the villages in search of labour and several with families; and it is necessary to keep those that have not left in health and spirits, by a liberal grant of takkavi loans, and by starting works. As there are few Tank Maintenance works, estimates for Tank Restoration works should be sent up soon for funds being made available.

Mudigere tank of Ballur (Nagamangala Taluk).-

There is urgent need for work in this area. As no tank maintenance works are available, the restoration of the tank will have to be taken up. The ryots should be persuaded to give sufficient contribution (more than the minimum $\frac{1}{4}$ th) so that the project would be taken up soon; and the Executive Engineer asked to submit the estimate soon.

A gokatte or other village improvement work for which also contribution should be demanded in instalments may be started immediately pending sanction to the tank restoration work.

Near

Near Mayasandra, a tank maintenance work or a Honda work, with contribution in instalments, should be started very promptly as there is a large number of Panchamas. The kulavadies said that they are unable to pay the balance of Rs.90/- for the land given to them and if this is insisted on, they would have to desert. The records may be submitted with the Deputy Commissioner's opinion.

Turuvekere Sub Taluk.

The people of Hittalkoppa village (Turuvekere Sub Taluk) wanted that the restoration of their breached tank might be taken up and agreed to pay more than $\frac{1}{2}$ contribution, without claiming any compensation for their submerged lands. The estimate should be got ready immediately. About 20 people have left the place in search of labour elsewhere. About 50 people of Malechendur village (Turuvekere Sub Taluk) have also left the place in search of labour. Nearly 400 people have left this Hobli already and more are leaving.

The villagers bordering on Gubbi are badly off, and, as no tank maintenance works, that the Deputy Amildar could himself start, are available, restoration projects should immediately be taken up and the ryots persuaded to pay in instalments sufficient contribution to make the projects pay 4 or 5 per cent. The Engineering Officer on the spot should be consulted regarding all restoration projects, and, as already instructed, preference given to those in which contribution promised would make them remunerative.

The villagers of Kanakur wanted that the restoration of their tank might be taken up. To be investigated on similar lines.

De. Subbarayappa.

For Revenue Commissioner.

Notes of Inspection of the Revenue Commissioner
in Mysore in the affected parts of the Turuvekere Sub
Taluk.

Villages visited.-

8th January 1924.

Sulekere via.
Kotturkottige,
Marsanakottige,
Kodigehalli,
Guddenahalli,
Nonavinakere via
Dodgatta & Albur,
Turuvekere,
Chowdenahalli,
Bansandra,
Kibbanahalli.

Inspected the Sulekere village and the tank. The tank maintenance work is almost completed. The villagers including the Patel had gone for work in a garden where a kapile, it appears, is being sunk, the owner of which has been given a Land Improvement loan of Rs. 250/-. The villagers asked for more work. The Panchamas are living in temporary sheds as there were some deaths in their hatti from relapsing fever. Three panchamas orphans are being given a gratuitous relief under the orders of the Deputy Commissioner. They are given $\frac{1}{4}$ seer of ragi every day. The kulavadi appeared to be ill-fed and was weak. The Deputy Amildar was instructed to find labour to the villagers by providing works in the vicinity and till then the kulavadi should also be given $\frac{1}{2}$ seer daily.

The villagers of Govi Tumkur represented that they had paid Rs. 1,000/- about 10 years ago, as contribution for the restoration of Tanigere tank of their village and that the work had not been done. They prayed for the early restoration of the tank and they have agreed to pay more as contribution, if they are required to do so. An estimate for Rs. 5,000/- is said to be pending with the Executive Engineer. The Executive Engineer should immediately be asked what further contribution would make the project pay 4 or 5 per cent; a further mutchalika should be taken for that amount and estimate sent up.

The

The Kottur-kottige villagers wanted a well for men and cattle. They were willing to pay half the cost which, they prayed might be treated as a loan. This might be done after obtaining mutchalikas from them agreeing to pay the amount in 5 annual instalments.

Sulekere to Marasanakottige. Made enquiries here about food stock. They said that they had a stock which would be sufficient only for about 2 months. They said they were bringing water from an old honda which contained about four feet of water.

Marasankottige to Kodagihalli. Inspected the Madigarhatti containing about 20 houses. The people wanted labour. The villagers wanted their gokatte to be improved for which they were willing to contribute half the cost. The Deputy Amildar was instructed to start this work immediately after obtaining a mutchalika from the ryots undertaking to pay half the cost in 5 ^{annual} instalments, the amount of contribution being treated as a loan to them. The Panchama well has collapsed at the bottom and silted up. This should be set right early.

Proceeded to Guddenshalli. The villagers wanted their gokatte to be improved. They were told that the work would be started if they executed mutchalikas agreeing to pay their share of the amount in 5 annual instalments. Inspected the Madigar's hatti. It was stated that about 10 persons died last year from relapsing fever. They wanted labour. If their gokatte work is commenced, they would find employment there. One old woman, Bette, was found to be destitute and she deserves gratuitous relief. The Deputy Amildar was instructed to give her $\frac{1}{2}$ seer of ragi every day.

Then went to Nonavinakere, via Dodgutta and Albur. The Albur tank is dried up. The Avare crop here appeared green. The conditions here do not seem to be bad. The gardens near Nonavinakere are in a fairly good condition. The people represented that there was fodder difficulty, and hence wanted permission to remove date leaves. They were told that instructions would be issued by the Deputy Commissioner in the matter, who is requested to issue needful instructions. At Albur the xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx ryots

ryots were ploughing up the cocoanut gardens, removing earth from the tank bed and heaping up probably this earth in conical heaps as on the west coast in the cocoanut gardens. I was told subsequently that a South Canara man has ~~just~~ introduced the system.

If the Famine Committee at Tiptur will introduce this system in ^{one} of their own gardens ^{as an experiment} ~~and~~ ^{probably} it, it will afford labour and improve the yield considerably.

Return to Turuvekere and on to Kibbanahalli via Banasandra. The panchamas and labouring classes of Turuvekere, Tavarekere and Chowdenahalli are in need of work. If ~~Tur~~ Turuvekere tank maintenance work cannot be started, whether a feeder channel is possible, and half contribution would be paid, should be investigated immediately. The well for the Panchamas at Chowdenahalli should be deepened.

Tiptur Taluk.

Banasandra. There is a large number of Panchamas and others in need of work. It is reported that a feeder channel estimate has been returned. The ryots are agreeable to pay half contribution in instalments. A mutchalika should be taken and the estimate returned promptly if no tank maintenance work is available in the vicinity. A temporary well work may be started immediately. It is reported that the cattle have already been sold or sent away.

Subbarayappa.

Jr Revenue Commissioner.

Notes of Inspection of the Revenue Commissioner
in Mysore in the affected parts of the Chicknaikanahalli
and Tiptur Taluks.

Villages visited.-

9th January 1924.

Chicknaikanahally
town via Halgona,
Settihalli and Tarbenahalli.

Maralahallada Kaval
Lambani Thandya
via Maligehalli.

Avalgere.

Huliyar via
Chickbidare,
Doddabidare,
Pochakatte and
Ballekatte,

Hadapadakatte.

Adargal alias

Gopalapura.

Mattighatta.

Hulihalli via

Kodagihalli and
Dasankatte.

Honavalli.

Tiptur via Matta-
halli.

Kibbanahalli via
Biligere.

Passed by the Halgona, Settihalli and Tarbenahalli vil-
lages and went on to Chicknaikanahalli.

Inspected the Chicknaikanahalli town, and visi-
ted the Local Fund Dispensary and the Taluk Office.
There is water in the tank. There does not appear
to be acute signs of distress in this place. The
town is evacuated on account of plague.

Passed through the Maligehalli village, where
there is a private weaving factory. Visited the
Maralahallada Kaval Lambani Thandya, and the tank
bed in which a temporary well had been sunk. It
is stated that the Amildar has ordered that a more
substantial well should be sunk there. The lamba-
nis represented that the lands containing date trees
might be ordered to be sold to them at half the pre-
sent malki value, the amount being ordered to be paid
by instalments. The Amildar was instructed to send
up a recommendation in the matter to the Sub Divi-
sion Officer.

Inspected the Avalgere village. The villagers
represented that they could not go to the Tank main-
tenance work of their tank, as they had to attend
to their own work, which means there is no distress.

Passed through Chickbidare, Doddabidare, Pocha-
katte and Ballekatte villages, and went on to Huliyar.
The Amildar has started

started relief works for coolies in the tank bed, under the Union Panchayat Funds. About 50 people were found to be working here in digging a honda and filling up a fort ditch. The Madigar and uttama women were working in two separate batches. It was stated that the rate of cooly for a male adult is 4 annas and that for a female adult is 2 annas. The Amildar was asked to pay Rs. 0-2-6 for a female cooly. That women who do not work for wages are attending shows that this area is affected. The present work ~~will~~ last for a month. The Amildar should have the tank maintenance estimate and feeder channels estimates got ready and sanctioned within a month. The Panchayet balance ^{may} ~~be~~ also be ~~be~~ usefully spent in providing labour.

Iⁿspected the Hadapadakatte and Adergalalias Gopalapura villages. The villagers complained that they were feeling much difficulty for drinking water. They were asked to seek labour on the works started in the Adergal tank, and deepen the existing sources of water supply, for which wages will be paid by the Amildar. At Gopalapur Tank, where the lift is only ⁵⁰ ~~100~~ 6 feet the rate is 5 cubic yards per rupee, while at Nittur where lift is 20 feet, the rate is ^{6 1/2} ~~still 7~~ cubic yards per rupee and it was reported by the Amildar of Gubbi that the people ^{were} ~~are~~ not working on account of the very low wages. The Chief Engineer will be addressed after seeing Nittur to-morrow.

Inspected the Mathigatta village. This is ^a fairly a ~~big~~ big village. The villagers were told to apply for takavi loans and find employment on the works that may be started by Government - a work in this locality will have to be started very soon.

Passed through Kodagihalli and Dasankatte villages. Then went to Hulihalli. There are 20 madigar houses here. They said they were finding employment in the surrounding gardens. ~~But~~, A drinking water well was ordered to be taken up at once for the Panchamas; ~~the~~ the sinking of a temporary well in the tank

bed was stated to be not feasible, as a rocky strata was met with.

Proceeded to Honavalli village. This is a fairly big village and the conditions here appear to be fair at present. It was stated by the Amildar ~~x~~ that the gardens were giving sufficient employment to the labouring classes at present, and -- starting of relief works might become necessary after a month. A project should be got ready in time.

Passed through Mattihalli and reached Tiptur. At Tiptur met the leading citizens, including Messrs Singiri Nanjappa, Mallappa and Basappa. They said that they wanted fodder, and that food grains might also be imported at cheap rates. They were told that the importation of grass by rail was a difficult problem and was not commended by the Director of Agriculture also. They were informed that Government were keeping a large stock of ^(changed to Yesavantapur) paddy straw at Maddur, and people could get it at cost price, if they procure a permit from the Amildar and that cattle might also be sent to join cattle camps for proceeding to the Malnad. -- The people were also told that the Food control operations were impracticable at present, as the War ordinances were not in operation. Mr. D.S. Mallappa, the Municipal Commissioner, asked for large Takavi loans to be given to people. He suggested that a Committee of non-official gentlemen might be appointed to dispose of the applications. He was told that that was an impracticable course so long as the non-officials could not bear any responsibility for the disposal of darkhasts. They might form Committees and send up their recommendations in deserving cases to the Amildar. A non-official Committee, it was stated, ~~in the~~ would be useful also for suggesting places where there is keen demand for labour. They also represented that the wages paid to cooly classes employed on distress work were very small. They were informed that, unless Government were convinced that the present wages were inadequate, Government could not revise the present rates.

Returned

Returned from Tiptur to Kibbanahalli, via Biligere. Saw en route some temporary wells being sunk by the villagers. In Biligere, a well had been sunk and arrangements had been made to supply water in wooden troughs to the cattle that ~~was~~ were marching from village to village on the road. Although dry crops have practically completely failed throughout Tiptur and Chicknaikanahalli Taluks, the situation has not become acute because there are large garden areas in both Taluks, about 7,000 acres in Chicknaikanahalli and 20,000 acres in Tiptur and as the crops last year were fair. A liberal grant of Takkavi -- loans, especially for sinking wells in gardens, temporary wells, and tank maintenance works in areas where there is a large Panchama population and near large villages like Hulyar should tide over the situation if the Mungar rains should be timely and adequate. As payments for wells etc. are not being made promptly for want of imprest Government have been ~~not~~ requested to sanction imprests for these Taluks, as also for Turuvekere, and a further sum of Rs. 10,000/- will be given to the Deputy Commissioner for loans.

Asubbanaayappa
for Revenue Commissioner.

Confidential.

Notes of Inspection of the Revenue Commissioner in
Mysore in the affected parts of the Tumkur District.

Villages
visited.-

10th January 1924.

Hatyal.
Dodguni.
Nittur.
Damm

At Kibbanahally, a well is being sunk for the Panchamas at a cost of Rs. 800/-. The cost of revetment will have to be met from the District Board. Tank maintenance may be started within a month for Kattigenahalli and Kibbanahalli tanks, after obtaining mutchalikas from the villagers.

Inspected the Hatyala village. Two wells are being sunk here for Madigars and Holeyars. The latter is ~~is~~ slipping and revetment up to highest water level might be made.

Met the Public Works department Sub Division Officer at Dodguni (Gubbi Taluk). The tank maintenance works of Sivasandra and Kondli have to be taken up immediately, -

(	Sivasandra	Assessment	280)
		Estimate.	600)
(	Kondli	Assessment	600)
		Estimate.	900)

as it would appear that Gollars and Panchamas have been starving and the women were reported to be willing to do work of any kind of wages on account of their extreme need. A Village Improvement work has to be started at once. The Amildar was asked to start a work pending sanction to the Tank Maintenance works. At Kondli, there are 30 Madigars - also gollars. Estimates are said to have been prepared for two well works, one for Kondli and one for Sivasandra. The Amildar was asked to send the Sheikdar at once with advances to start the works.

Nittur.- The people at Nittur had refused to do work on account of the low wages paid but as they - about 50 - have nothing else to do have come again. It was ascertained that two men and six women who worked from 7-30 A.M. to 6 P.M. yesterday

yesterday, with an interval of 2 hours, got Rs. 1-4-0. The actual rate for the work done should be Rs. 1-8-0. Inspected the Bagur village. One man, one women and two boys in one group earned 8 annas. Two men and three women ^{in two groups} earned one rupee. ^{each group} It was represented that wages had not been paid for four days and the Amildar was asked to speak to the Public Works Officer in the matter. The Shanbhogue who is the contractor had not turned up for 3 or 4 days nor had some of the men been paid for the new work. One group was not working but resting and said that was because they had nothing to eat the previous day. If the scheme recommended by me of granting advances to contractors on the recommendation of Amildars had been adopted daily wages would have been paid. The Chief Engineer for Irrigation will again be written to. The people have been on this work for some time, and do not look as fresh as those at Nittur, who appear to have earned good wages on some private work when they had struck work.

Ascertained from the Amildar ^{J. Tumkur} and the non-official Vice-President that coolies had stopped coming to Nelhal and Kempandotere tank works as they were paid only 3 annas per man and 2 annas per woman without tools, and that the area is badly affected. The Deputy Commissioner should look into this, and if he and the Executive Engineer could not agree regarding the rates, make a report with full facts for submission to Government. The distinction made in this District between ordinary contract works and Distress works was apparent by inspection of Gopalapur tank ^{in the village of Nelhal} where for a lift of 5 or 6 feet, 5 cubic yards per rupee was the rate, whereas at Nittur, where the lift is 22 feet the rate is 6½ cubic yards per rupee. Under ordinary contract rates, the latter would have been 5 to 6 annas per cubic yard, while now it is less than 2½ annas per cubic yard. Why stamping and formation should not also be got done by these people, temporary wells being sunk and they paid higher wages, should be ascertained. The Deputy Commissioner should discuss the matter with the Executive Engineer and make a report with

Engineer and make a report with full facts for submission to Government if he and the Executive Engineer do not agree regarding the task.

Subbarayappa
Jr. Revenue Commissioner.
vjs